

may be shipped to any U.S. port where inspectors are located and which are named in the permit.

(4) *Supervision of treatment.* The treatment approved in part 305 of this chapter must be conducted under the supervision of an inspector of the plant protection and quarantine programs. The inspector shall require such safeguards in each specific case for unloading and handling of the fruit at the port of entry, transportation of the fruit from the place of unloading to the treatment facilities, and its handling during fumigation and aeration as required by the PPQ Treatment Manual, as he or she deems necessary to prevent the spread of quarantine pests and assure compliance with the provisions of this subpart.

(5) *Costs.* All costs of treatment, required safeguards, and supervision, other than the services of the supervising inspector during regularly assigned hours of duty and at the usual place of duty, shall be borne by the owner of the fruit or his or her representative.

(6) *Department not responsible for damages.* The treatment prescribed in part 305 of this chapter is judged from experimental tests and uses for quarantine purposes to be safe for fumigation of apples and pears. However, the Department assumes no responsibility for any damage sustained through or in the course of the treatment or because of safeguards required under paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

[38 FR 9005, Apr. 9, 1973, as amended at 47 FR 13320, Mar. 30, 1982. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985, as amended at 68 FR 37917, June 25, 2003; 70 FR 33325, June 7, 2005; 70 FR 72887, Dec. 8, 2005]

§319.56-2k Administrative instructions prescribing method of fumigation of field-grown grapes from specified countries.

Approved fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure, in accordance with part 305 of this chapter, is hereby prescribed as a condition of entry under permit for all shipments of field-grown grapes from the continental countries of Asia, Europe, North Africa, and the Near East listed in paragraph (a) of this section. This fumigation shall be in addition to

other conditions of entry for field-grown grapes from the areas named.

(a) *Continental countries of Asia, Europe, North Africa, and the Near East.* The term “continental countries of Asia, Europe, North Africa, and the Near East” means Algeria, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Egypt, Estonia, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Libya, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Portugal, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Spain, Switzerland, Syria, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

(b) *Ports of entry.* Grapes to be offered for entry must be shipped from the country of origin to New York or such other North Atlantic ports as may be named in the permit.

(c) *Precooling of fruit.* Grapes to be offered for entry must be shipped under refrigeration and the fruit may not be removed from the vessel until the inspector has satisfied himself that this requirement has been complied with and that the fruit can be moved promptly for treatment without danger of plant pest dissemination.⁶

(d) *Approved fumigation.* Approved fumigation shall consist of fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure in a fumigation chamber that has been approved for that purpose by the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs. The fumigation may also be accomplished under tarpaulins in a manner, satisfactory to the inspector, that will insure adequate air and fruit temperatures, volatilization, distribution, and concentration of the fumigant. Such fumigation shall be in accordance with part 305 of this chapter.

(e) *Supervision of fumigation.* Inspectors of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs shall supervise the fumigation of grapes and shall prescribe such safeguards as may be necessary for unloading, handling, and transportation preparatory to fumigation or other treatment. The final release of

⁶Grapes from countries where the Mediterranean fruit fly occurs are subject to the cold treatment as described in §319.56-2d. Under certain conditions such treatment may be effected in transit or upon arrival at the port of New York.

the fruit for entry into the United States will be conditioned upon compliance with prescribed safeguards and required treatments.

(f) *Costs.* All costs of treatment and required safeguards and supervision, other than the services of the supervising inspector during regularly assigned hours of duty and at the usual place of duty, shall be borne by the owner of the grapes or his representative.

(g) *Department not responsible for damage.* The treatments prescribed in part 305 of this chapter are judged from experimental tests to be safe for use with field-grown grapes. However, the Department assumes no responsibility for any damage sustained through or in the course of such treatment or by compliance with requirements under paragraph (e) of this section or in the precooling of fruit required prior to unloading from the vessel.

[24 FR 10788, Dec. 29, 1959. Redesignated at 50 FR 9788, Mar. 12, 1985, as amended at 68 FR 37917, June 25, 2003; 70 FR 33325, June 7, 2005; 70 FR 72887, Dec. 8, 2005]

§ 319.56–2I Administrative instructions prescribing method of treatment of imported yams.

(a) *Fumigation upon arrival.* Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this section, approved fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure, in accordance with the following procedure, upon arrival at the port of entry, is hereby prescribed as a condition of importation under permit under § 319.56–2 for shipments of yams from all foreign countries.

(1) *Ports of entry.* Yams to be offered for entry may be shipped, under permit under § 319.56–2, direct from the country of origin to ports in the United States where approved fumigation facilities are available.

(2) *Approved fumigation.* (i) The approved fumigation shall consist of fumigation with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure, in a fumigation chamber that has been approved for that purpose by the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs. The dosage shall be applied at the following rates:

Temperature, (°F.)	Dosage (pounds of methyl bromide per 1,000 cubic feet)	Exposure period (hours)
90–96	2.5	4
80–89	3.0	4
70–79	3.5	4

(ii) Yams to be fumigated may be packed in slatted crates or other gas-permeable containers. The fumigation chamber shall not be loaded to more than two-thirds of its capacity. The four-hour exposure period shall begin when all the fumigant has been introduced into the chamber and volatilized. Cubic feet of space shall include the load of yams to be fumigated. The required temperatures apply to both the air and the yams. Good circulation above and below the load shall be provided as soon as the yams are loaded in the chamber and shall continue during the full period of fumigation and until the yams have been removed to a well-ventilated location. Fumigation of yams below the minimum temperature prescribed in the fumigation schedule may result in injury to the yams and should be avoided. Yams are sensitive to bruising and should be carefully packed to prevent this. At the same time they should be given as much aeration as possible.

(3) *Other conditions.* (i) Inspectors of the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs will supervise the fumigation of yams and will specify such safeguards as may be necessary for their handling and transportation before and after fumigation, if, in the opinion of the inspector, this is necessary to assure there will be no pest risk associated with the importation and treatment. Final release of the yams for entry into the United States will be conditioned upon compliance with the specified safeguards.

(ii) Supervision of approved fumigation chambers will, if practicable, be carried on as a part of normal port inspection activities. When so available such supervision will be furnished without cost to the owner of the yams or his representative.

(4) *Costs.* All costs of treatment and required safeguards and supervision, other than the services of the supervising inspector during regularly assigned hours of duty and at the usual place of duty, shall be borne by the